



January 24<sup>th</sup>, 2012

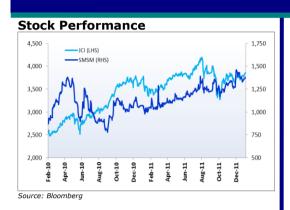
**Target Price** 

Low High 1,820 1,990

**Automotive Components** 

# **Selamat Sempurna, Tbk**

# **Secondary Report**



Stock Information	Rp
Ticker code	SMSM
Market price as of January 20th, 2012	1,560
Market price – 52 week high	1,560
Market price – 52 week low	1,260
Market cap - 52 week high (bn)	2,246
Market can - 52 week low (bn)	1.814

# Market Value Added & Market Risk 1000 Market Value Added Market risk 0.6 Wasket Light Added 0.7 0.8 0.9 0.4 Wasket Light Added 0.8 0.6 0.7 0.8

Source:PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

Stock Valuation	Last	Current
High	1,540	1,990
Low	1,340	1,820
Shareholders		(%)
PT Adrindo Intiperkasa		58.13
Public		41.87

#### Contact:

Equity & Index Valuation Division Phone: (6221) 7278 2380 info-equityindexvaluation@pefindo.co.id

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# **Outstanding Performance**



PT Selamat Sempurna (SMSM) was established on January, 1976. SMSM is part of ADR Group (Automotive Division) and one of the largest filter and radiator manufacturers in Indonesia. SMSM now has a total production capacity of 96 million units per year for filters product, and 1.95 million units of radiators product per year. SMSM's products are comprised of filters, radiators, oil coolers, condensers, brake pipes, fuel pipes, fuel tanks, exhaust systems, and press parts. SMSM market its filters and radiators under the well-known brand name of Sakura and ADR radiators. SMSM products are exported to more than 100 countries worldwide and have trademark registration in more than 90 countries worldwide. Therefore, SMSM's revenue from export activities reaches 65%-75% of total revenues. SMSM has a subsidiary called PT Panata Jaya Mandiri (PJM) established in 1983. PJM is a joint venture company with Donaldson Co. Inc., USA, and its scope of activities mainly comprises manufacturing of filter products, such as air cleaner and replacement filter mainly for heavy duty engines. SMSM also has an associated company named PT Posco Indonesia Jakarta Processing Center (POSCO-IJPC), formerly known as PT International Steel Indonesia (ISI), which is mainly engaged in steel processing.



# **INVESTMENT PARAMETER**

#### **Target Price Adjustment**

We make several adjustments to our previous projections, and adjust our Target Price to a range of Rp 1,820 - Rp 1,990 per share, based on the following considerations:

- SMSM's performance in 9M11 is in line with our projections in previous report published in May 13th, 2011. We estimate SMSM's sales and net profit in 2011 are Rp 1.79 trillion and Rp 202 billion respectively or higher 14.7% and 33.8% than 2010's result.
- SMSM has added its production capacity, from previously 1.2 million pcs per year
  to 1.95 million pcs per year for radiators product (up by 62.5%), and from
  previously 72 million pcs per year to 96 million pcs per year or for filters product
  (up by 33.3%). The larger capacity of SMSM's production facilities would be an
  important capital to support SMSM to make market expansion and to grow its
  business in the few years to come.
- SMSM has signed new technical assistance and license agreement with Tokyo Roki
  Co., Ltd., a Japanese company which produces particular types of filter and other
  automotive components. With this agreement it is expected to further increase
  SMSM's business strength by providing added value that will support SMSM's
  future growth opportunity.
- Indonesia's economy fundamental will remain strong despite expected effect of current global crisis. Therefore we estimate that Indonesia's economy growth will slightly down to 6.2% y-y in 2012, as in 9M11 it was recorded of 6.5%.
- Global car sales in 2012 will reach 77.7 million cars and light trucks with expected growth would be 6.7%. It is predicted that car and light trucks sales in Europe in 2012 will remain around 19 million units; while in US, sales is expected to rise by 7.3% to 13.7 million units. It is also expected for the first time car sales in developing countries will surpass developed countries.
- Domestic automotive market is predicted will remain fascinated in 2012 with estimated domestic car sales will reach 930 thousand units compared with car sales throughout 2011 reached 894 thousands units. Domestic market optimism driven by Indonesia's economy encouraging development and also by the restoration automotive components and car units supply from Thailand and Japan.
- SMSM's sales growth in 9M11 was 16.7% y-y, higher than sales growth in 2010 of 13.6% y-y. Sales expanded amid the pressures of global crisis. The increased in sales growth in 9M11 accompanied by improved profit margins driven by the increased in efficiency. SMSM was able to strike 2.2%-2.5% of increased in profit margins for 9M11 in the midst of the rising of raw materials prices throughout 2011. Considering SMSM's capability in applying efficiency and higher production capacity they have now, we believe that at least SMSM will keeps to maintain their new level of profits margins in the upcoming years.
- Risk free rate, equity premium, and beta assumption are 5.59%, 8.79%, and 0.81 respectively.

## **Business Prospects**

Adequate production capacity until a few years in the future, technical support from various leading company in the world, strong of the markets and product brands, and capability in managing a qualified business; they all are SMSM's strength and competitiveness in developing its business in the future. Global financial crisis will still affecting global economy development with majority countries would experience economic contraction, thus global car sales growth is estimated to grow moderately. However, in 2011 SMSM has proved its capability to have an outperformed sales growth despite in the midst of the crisis, and even their sales growths in developed countries were higher than Asia and domestic markets. In addition to outstanding their sales growth, SMSM was also able to apply better efficiency which led their profit margins are in a better rate than in previous years. Considering all the arguments, we believe SMSM has excellent prospects and will continue to maintain their outstanding performance, and we estimate SMSM's sales will grow at 17.2% CAGR for periods 2011-2015.

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**Table 1: Performance Summary** 

	2008	2009	2010	2011P	2012P
Revenue [Rp bn]	1,354	1,375	1,562	1,792	2,098
Pre-tax profit [Rp bn]	144	186	205	281	326
Net profit [Rp bn]	91	133	150	201	234
EPS [Rp]	64	92	104	140	162
EPS growth [%]	13.9	45.2	13.2	33.8	16.1
P/E [x]	10.2	8.1	10.2	11.2**	9.6**
PBV [x]*	1.7	2.2	3.0	2.4**	2.3**

Source: PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division Estimates \* Restated as refer to PSAK No. 22 (2010 revision)
\*\*Based on SMSM's share price as of January 20<sup>th</sup>, 2012 - Rp 1,560 / share

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## GROWTH-VALUE MAP

Growth-Value Map provides overview of market expectations for the companies listed on IDX. Current Performance ("CP") metric, running along the horizontal axis, is a portion of current stock market value that can be linked to the perpetuity of current company's performance in profitability. Growth Expectations ("GE") metric, plotted on the vertical axis, is the difference between current stock market value and the value of current performance. Both metrics are normalized by the company's book value.

Growth-Value Map divides companies into four clusters, they are:

# Excellent value managers ("Q-1")

Market expects companies in Q-1 to surpass their benchmark in profitability and growth.

#### Expectation builders ("Q-2")

Market has relatively low expectations of profitability from companies in Q-2 in the short term, but has growth expectations exceed the benchmark.

#### Traditionalists ("Q-3")

Market has low growth expectations of companies in the Q-3, although they showed a good profitability in the short term.

#### Asset-loaded value managers ("Q-4")

Market has low expectations in terms of profitability and growth for companies in O-4.

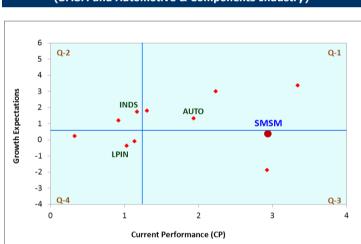


Figure 1: Growth-Value Map
(SMSM and Automotive & Components Industry)

Source: Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

Based on financial data as of September 30, 2011, we classify SMSM into a *traditionalist company* ("Q-3"). Market saw SMSM's capability in generating profits exceed their benchmark expectation and also exceed its peers' capability. This market expectation was confirmed by outstanding SMSM performance in 9M11 that generate highest EBITDA margin and assets turnover among its peers. It was also confirmed by the success of SMSM in increasing sales accompanied by improved profit margins, so that we estimate that in 2011 and few years forward SMSM's profit margins will be above of previous years' profit margins. On the other hand, even though SMSM is one of the largest filters and radiators manufacturers and with more than 100 countries sales destination, market expect SMSM's growth opportunity slightly below their benchmark. This condition may suggest that market still expect global uncertainty that can disturb SMSM's sales growth in international markets, but in the contrary SMSM proved their capability to deal with crisis to continue to grow. We therefore argue that market can have more expectation to SMSM's growth opportunity for the future compared with current expectation.

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# **BUSINESS INFORMATION**

#### **Production Capacity Expansion**

In 2011, SMSM has added its production capacity, from previously 1.2 million pcs per year to 1.95 million pcs per year for radiators product (up by 62.5%), and from previously 72 million pcs per year to 96 million pcs per year or for filters product (up by 33.3%). Production capacity expansion for filters product occurred at both production facilities of SMSM's and its subsidiary, PJM. Production capacity for filters product at SMSM's production facility changed from 62 million pcs per year to 72 million unit per year (changed 16.1%), while at PJM's production facility changed from 10 million pcs per year to 24 million pcs per year (changed 140.0%).

In 2010, SMSM's capacity utilization for radiators and filters product are 69% and 67% respectively, and with the production capacity expansion in 2011 we estimate SMSM's utilization will be at around 50% for radiators product and 55% for filters product. The larger production capacity SMSM's has will be an important capital to support SMSM's means to make market expansion and to grow its business in the few years to come.

Table 2: SMSM's Production Capacity

Product	Production Facility	Unit	2010	Sep-11	2011P
Radiator	SMSM	pcs/year	1,200,000	1,950,000	1,950,000
Filter	SMSM	pcs/year	62,000,000	72,000,000	72,000,000
	PJM	Pcs/year	10,000,000	24,000,000	24,000,000

Source: PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

#### **New Technical Assistance and License Agreement**

On November 22<sup>nd</sup>, 2011, SMSM has signed *Master Supplier Agreement* (MSA), *Technical Assistance Agreement* (TSA), and *Consignment Production Agreement* (CPA) with Tokyo Roki Co., Ltd., Japan (TRC). TRC is a Japanese company which produces particular types of filter and other automotive components. By signing those agreements SMSM expect to get value added from technical assistance and marketing, so then it can support SMSM's growth in the future. The agreements complement previous agreements that have been signed with other companies, they are: i) Tannex Corp., Japan, in 1985, ii) Tokyo Radiators Mfg. Co. Ltd., Japan, in 1994 and 2008, iii) Usui Kokusai Sangyo Kaisha, Ltd., Japan, in 1994, and iv) Donaldson Company Inc., USA, in 1984 and 2000.

# **Others Product Production Facilities Relocation**

SMSM plans to relocate its others product (outside filters and radiators product) production facility that specialized for original equipment manufacturer (OEM) as well as for original equipment sparepart (OES) in 2012. The production facility is located in Kapuk area, Jakarta Utara, and planned to be relocated to Tangerang area, Banten. This relocation aimed as follow: 1) anticipation of demand enhancement of OEM/OES markets in the future, 2) preparing for more representatives production facility for OEM/OES markets, and 3) production facility centralization at "ADR Group industrial complex" to ease production planning and controlling activities. SMSM estimates the relocation will cost of about Rp 20-30 billion. We see that this relocation is part of SMSM's strategy to enhance service quality to its customers and to support their means to increase others product sales in the future.

# Recognition of SMSM's Capability in Business Development and SMSM Stock Registered in International Index

In the year of 2011 SMSM obtained many awards that demonstrate recognition of SMSM's capabilities in the field of business development; some of the awards are as follow:

- Award from Indonesian Record Museum (MURI) with a record as the largest manufacturer and seller of filters product for automotive components industry, obtained in January 2011.
- Business Record Award from Tera Foundation as a company with the largest international trademark registration and the most complete range of filters product, obtained in March 2011.
- TOP 50 Indonesia Global Brand and TOP 250 Indonesia Original Brand from SWA Sembada Magazine given for Sakura brand (SMSM's filters product brand), obtained in July 2011.

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- Primaniyarta Award 2011 from Indonesian Government, granted for Indonesian exporters who have performed the best practice, obtained in October 2011.
- Marketing Award 2011 from Marketing Magazines for category The Best Marketing Driving and The Best in International Marketing; a recognition for SMSM's capability in marketing their products to exports markets covering 105 countries and Sakura brands that have been registered in 90 countries. In addition, SMSM also recognized for their success in producing and introduced the first racing air filter in Indonesia. The award was obtained in November 2011.

Considering recognitions SMSM received, we believe SMSM has adequate capability in developing their business and we also confident that SMSM will persistently striving to penetrate deeper in the existing markets and likewise open possibilities in the new markets. Another encouraging development is SMSM stock registered in international index. On November 15<sup>th</sup>, 2011, for the first time SMSM stock was registered in Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI) Indonesia Small Cap Index. MSCI Index is one of global investors reference indexes to make investment decision, and therefore SMSM will enjoy the benefit of international exposure in the eyes of global investment communities, as well as the increased of investors' confidence to SMSM's business development capability and the future prospect.

# World Economy Development: Collective Fiscal Austerity Effect to Global Economy Growth

Based on The Conference Board research, global economy growth is projected to grow at 3.2% in 2012, weakening from the previous year growth of 3.9%, but then expected to accelerate somewhat to 3.5% for the periods of 2013-2016. Global economy will faces exceptional uncertainty as it enters 2012 as weaker output among developed countries and collective of fiscal austerity is being launched particularly in Eurozone. These may result one of the most severe fiscal contractions in many years. While in US, stimulus programs launched in 2010 are being replaced by austerity measures, giving more effect to collective austerity of developed countries. Therefore, advance economies are expected to have a slowdown growth in 2012 of 1.3% as in 2011 already have low growth of 1.6%. But then, it is believed that in 2013-2016 advance economy may have some recovery and they expected to be back to prerecession growth trend of a little more than 2%.

Developing countries will face weakening external demand in 2012, but in most emerging economies they can rely on domestic demand to propel the growth until the world economy becomes healthier. But for developing countries that rely on external demand, will impacted from the shrinking of global market. In line with the downturn in overall economy, emerging economies are estimated to have growth of only 5.1% in 2012 lowering from 6.4% growth in 2011. This shrinking as a result of emerging economies will experience slower export growth, and some may because already growing above the trend. However, they generally have more flexibility in fiscal policy than most of developed countries that may benefit them in term of more stable growth.

**Table 3: Global Economy Growth** 

Country	2011E	2012F
Country	(%)	(%)
US	1.5	1.1
EU-15	1.5	1.1
Japan	-0.5	0.7
Other advanced	3.3	2.5
Advanced Economies	1.6	1.3
China	9.5	8.7
India	7.8	7.4
Other developing Asia	5.1	2.8
Latin America	4.5	2.9
Middle East	4.3	2.3
Africa	4.4	2.4
Central & Eastern Europe	4.0	2.1
Rusia and other CIS	4.6	2.8
Emerging Market and Developing Economies	6.4	5.1
World	3.9	3.2

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Source: The Conference Board Global Economic Outlook, November 2011; Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

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# Indonesian Economy Development: Domestic Demand will continue to Support the Economy Growth

Indonesian economy expanded by 6.5% y-y up to 9M11, improved compared with 2010's growth of 6.1% y-y. Domestic consumption continued to be the backbone of Indonesia's economy as it was grew by 5.4% y-y in 9M11, higher than 5.2% y-y growth in 2010. Along with the domestic consumption growth, net export also expanded faster this year, it is expanded by 64.1% y-y in 9M11 faster than 14.1% in 2010 which supported mainly by commodity export to other Asian countries that are relatively better economic performance compared to Europe and US countries. Indonesia's economy in 2011 also remarked by low inflation at the end of 2011 and reaches 3.79% y-y at the year end of 2011, much lower compared to 2010's of 6.96% y-y. Similarly, Rupiah exchange rate against US\$ strengthen compared to 2010's and on average traded at Rp 8,700-8,800 per US\$.

**Table 4: Indonesian Economic Indicators** 

	2008	2009	2010	9M11	2011
GDP growth (%, y-y)	6.1	4.5	6.1	6.5	6.5**
Inflation rate (%, y-y)	11.06	2.78	6.96	4.61	3.79
Exchange rate* (Rp/US\$)	9,136	9,680	10,398	8,701	8,779
SBI rate (%)	9.25	6.50	6.5	6.5	6.0

<sup>\*</sup> Bank Indonesia middle rate average

Source: BPS, Bank Indonesia, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

For 2012, we see that Indonesia's economic fundamentals will remain strong despite expected effect of current global crisis that may cause slow down to global economy. Therefore we estimate that Indonesia's economy growth will slightly down to 6.2% y-y in 2012, as in 9M11 it was recorded of 6.5%. The growth locomotive would be contributed from private consumption with the support of continued consumers' optimism, manageable inflation, lower interest rate, and increasing per capita income. Indonesia's per capita income is expected to reach US\$ 3,500 in 2011, and may break US\$ 4,000 in 2012, compared to US\$ 3,000 in 2010. Meanwhile, investment realization in 9M11 was Rp 120 trillion or rose by 16% compared to 2010's, and expected to get Rp 170 trillion up to end of 2011. With population composition is dominated by productive age population (around 60%) and increasing international perception of Indonesia's economy development that reflected from the inclusion of Indonesia into investment grade by Fitch on December 2011 and by Moody's on January 2012, then we believe that Indonesia will able to maintain its favorable growth in the coming years.

## Moderate Outlook of Global Car Sales and Developing Countries Car Sales will Exceed Mature Market in 2012

Global car sales in 2012 will reach 77.7 million cars and light trucks with expected growth would be 6.7% as estimated by R. L. Polk & Co. The increase in car sales would be driven by a strong demand in China which would be expected to jump by 16% to 17.9 million units compared with 15.5 million units in 2011. In Europe, 2011's sales were around 19.2 million units or only grew by 3.8% compared to 2010's sales which were 18.5 million units. It is predicted that car and light trucks sales in Europe in 2012 will remain around 19 million units due to austerity measures and sovereigndebt concerns that prevent governments from offering scrap-page programs and other incentives for buyers. While in US, sales is expected to rise by 7.3% to 13.7 million cars and light trucks in 2012 and will hardly to surpass 16 million units a year (the sales level before the recession in 2008) before 2015. The year of 2012 will be an interesting year for car sales in developing countries; it is expected for the first time car sales in developing countries will surpass developed countries. As reported by Global Auto Report, the car sales in developing countries will expand by 7% in 2012, climbing to 31 million units and exceed volumes in the mature markets of Western Europe, North America and Japan. As a comparison, a decade ago, developing countries only accounted for less than 20% of global car sales.

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<sup>\*\*</sup> Expected to be unchanged from 9M11 figure

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14 12 10 units 8 million 6 2 Λ Canada US Germany 2009 2010 ■ 2011F

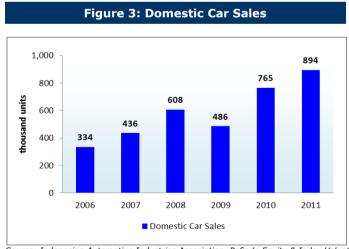
Figure 2: Car Sales in Some Developed Countries and BRIC Countries

Source: Global Auto Report, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

#### Fantastic of Domestic Car Sales in 2011 and Remain Fascinated in 2012

Indonesian Automotive Industries Association recorded domestic car sales throughout 2011 reached 894,180 units, up by 16.8% y-y compared to 2010's sales of 764,710 units. This result was fantastic since in 2011 there was tsunami that struck Japan in March 2011 and flood in Thailand that disturbed automotive components and car units supply. In November 2011, Indonesia's car sales already above Thailand's car sales with 813,856 units, while Thailand's car sales was only 739,506 units. This is for the first time as Thailand was always a leader in car sales in ASEAN region.

By considering Indonesia's economy will remain continue to record good performance and Europe and US crisis will not significantly affect overall domestic economy, national automotive market is predicted will remain fascinated in 2012 with estimated domestic car sales will reach 930 thousand units. The optimism also driven by the restoration automotive components and car units supply from Thailand and Japan. Even some manufacturers already plan to launch several new models and including low-price cars. But it is wise to consider that domestic car sales will be slowing down within the first quarter of 2012 due to government's plan of more strict limitation subsidized fuel consumption started on April 1st, 2012. However, we believe the effect will only occur in the short-time and then the car sales will continue to grow normally.



Source: Indonesian Automotive Industries Association, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

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#### Heavy Equipment Industry will Continue to Expand in 2012

In 2011, national heavy equipment production reach 7,353 units, jump by 60.6% y-y from the previous year in 2010 that was only produced 4,691 units. The fascinating of heavy equipment industry will remain to continue in 2012, as Heavy Equipment Manufacturer Association of Indonesia that production growth will be at 35% y-y to around 10 thousand units. Global crisis and global economic slowdown may not significantly impacting heavy equipment industry as the products mainly absorbed by domestic demand; besides overall market demand for heavy equipment is further than local manufacturers can produced. Up to 2011, heavy equipment market is amounted of 17 thousand units and projected to expand to 21 thousand units in 2012.

8.000 7 252 7,000 5,914 6.000 4,691 5,000 4,000 3.000 1.814 2,000 1.000 2011 2008 2009 2010 Heavy Equipment Production

Figure 4: National Heavy Equipment Production

Source: Equipment Manufacturer Association of Indonesia, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

# **FINANCE**

# Convincing Capability of Market Development in Developed Countries and Big Potential in Domestic Market

SMSM's sales is dominated by filters product with 76.7% of sales contribution in 9M11, and then followed by radiators product by 20.6%. SMSM is a company with a very wide global market with export market of more than 100 countries. Export market was accounted more than 70% of sales spreading over Asia, Australia, America, Europe and other regions. Despite developed countries suffering from current crisis, SMSM's sales in developed countries have a higher growth compared to sales in Asia and Indonesia. Sales in the region of Australia, America, and Europe and others experienced growth in 9M11 by 25.3%, 17.3%, and 31.0% respectively. Europe and others region market grew higher than other regions albeit Europe is the center of the current global crisis. SMSM able to developed significant sales growth in those three areas in the range of 12%-15% CAGR for the periods of 2007-2010. This condition provides us of convincing SMSM's capability of market development in developed economy and demonstrates market recognition of SMSM's products and services quality in those regions.

Asian countries are the highest contributor of SMSM sales and it was accounted for 28.1% in 9M11. Meanwhile the average growth in Asia region was only 8.1% CAGR for 2007-2010; the lowest average growth compared to others regions. On the other hand, domestic market is the fastest growing market for SMSM's sales with the growth of 21.6% CAGR for 2007-2010. In 9M11 domestic sales still expanded by around 15% and with sales value has reached 93% of sales in Asia region, which demonstrate that domestic market has big potential for SMSM moreover with the encouraging development of Indonesian automotive industry in the last few years.

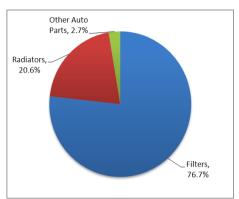
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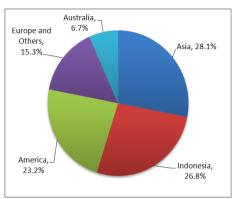
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Figure 5: SMSM's Sales Composition in 9M11

# Sales by Product

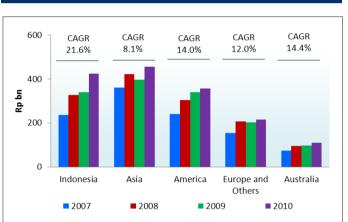
#### Sales by Geography





Source: PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Bloomberg, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

#### Figure 6: Sales Growth



Source: Bloomberg, PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

# **Sales Growth Accompanied by Improved Profit Margins**

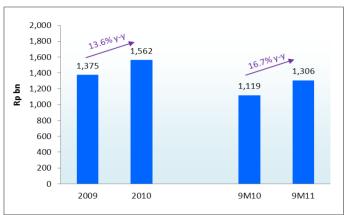
SMSM can realized sales of Rp 1.31 trillion in 9M11, grew 16.7% y-y from 9M10's sales of Rp 1.12 trillion. The growth in 9M11 is higher than sales growth for 2010 which was only 13.6% y-y. What interesting from SMSM's performance in 9M11 is that the increased in sales growth accompanied by improved profit margins driven by the increased in efficiency. SMSM was able to strike 2.2%-2.5% of increased in profit margins for 9M11. SMSM recorded 24.7% of gross margin in 9M11 compared to 22.4% in 9M10. The improved margin due to declining of SMSM's COGS to sales in the midst of the rising of raw materials prices throughout 2011. For the first nine months in 2011, average prices of raw materials of steel, nickel, aluminum, copper, and tin have climbed up of about 10%, 15%, 18%, 20%, and 50% respectively from the same period in the previous year. This condition provides indication of SMSM capability to apply efficiency in raw material management.

SMSM's EBITDA margin improved from 19.1% in 9M10 to 21.5% in 9M11 mainly supported by efficiency in operating expenses. The applied efficiency in COGS, operating expenses, and other expenses resulting in improved net margins in 9M11 to became 11.3% compared to 9M10's which only 9.2%. Profit margins in 2011 up to 9M11 showed a new level of margins as compared with the previous years. Considering SMSM's capability in applying efficiency and higher production capacity they have now, we believe that at least SMSM will keeps to maintain their new level of profits margins in the upcoming years.

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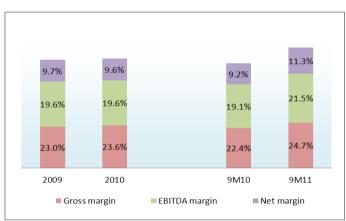
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Source: PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

#### Figure 8: SMSM's Margins



Source: PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

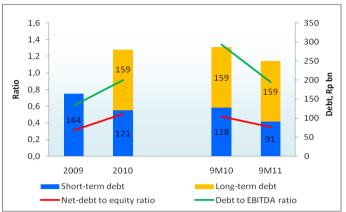
## Remaining Low Debt Level and Capability to Generate Sufficient EBITDA

SMSM's debt composition in 9M11 was 64% (Rp 159 billion) in long-term debt which is in bond debt that issued in 2010, and 36% (Rp 91 billion) in short-term debt which is in bank debt that aimed for working capital and raw materials import financing. SMSM's debt level still low marked by net-debt-to-equity ratio of 0.35 in 9M11, where this number dropped from 0.48 in 9M10. On the other hand, SMSM has a very low debt-to-EBITDA ratio of 0.89 in 9M11, and even in 9M10 its value was higher but the ratio still below of 1.5. This low ratio of debt-to-EBITDA describes there are still wide room for SMSM to maximizing the use of debt to optimizing its business, but on the other hand suggest SMSM's capability in generating sufficient EBITDA. Moreover if we consider average capital expenditure (capex) spent annually by SMSM is about Rp 90-100 billion, and then EBITDA-to-capex ratio will be at 2.5-4 times. This describes SMSM has a sufficient capability in financing its business development and also its debt covering.

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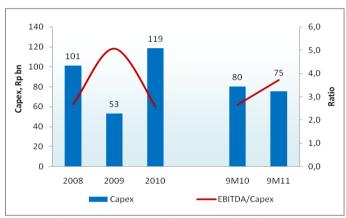
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Figure 9: SMSM's Margins vs Its Peers



Source: PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

#### Figure 10: SMSM's Capital Expenditure



Source: PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

## Dividend Update: Final Cash Dividend 2010 and Interim Dividend 2011

On June 6<sup>th</sup>, 2011, Annual General Meeting of Shareholders has decided cash dividend disbursement of Rp 136.8 billion or Rp 95 per share for 2010 fiscal year, which reflects 90.9% of net income of Rp 150.4 billion. As in 2010 SMSM has paid interim dividends of Rp 93.6 billion or Rp 65 per share, therefore the final cash dividend for 2010 fiscal year is Rp 43,2 billion or Rp 30 per share which then already paid by SMSM on August 4<sup>th</sup>, 2011. Meanwhile, for 2011 fiscal year, SMSM has scheduled interim dividend payment of Rp 72.0 billion or Rp 50 per share and already paid on December 1<sup>st</sup>, 2011. Based on long history of dividend payment, we believe SMSM will continue to have a strong commitment in dividend payment as they already apply as part of their long-term goals within 5 years ahead. Therefore, it is not surprising if SMSM commitment awarded by Finance Asia with predicate: *most committed to a strong dividend policy (ranked 6<sup>th</sup>)* among listed companies in Indonesia.

#### Still Highly Competitive Performance among Its Peers

SMSM has the highest EBITDA margin in 9M11 (21.5%) compared with its peers namely AUTO, INDS, and LPIN that indicates SMSM has a better capability in generating operating profit among its peers, moreover SMSM has a very competitive gross margin. SMSM also has the highest assets turnover among its peers of 1.15 compared to 0.76 of average value of SMSM and its peers. SMSM showed a very encouraging achievement in capability of assets utilization and market development compared to its peers. Automotive industry suggest has low leverage level represent by low average ratio of net-debt-to-equity and debt-to-EBITDA of 0.15 and 1.90 respectively. Even SMSM has the lowest debt-to-EBITDA ratio of 0.89 in 9M11. Considering all the facts we see that SMSM performance still higly competitive among its peers moreover coupled with SMSM outstanding capabilty in business development, we believe SMSM will compete competitively and even provides benchmark in automotive components industry.

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Table 5: Peers Comparison of 9M11 Performance

SMSM	AUTO	INDS	LPIN	Avg.
24.7	16.8	21.8	43.4	26.7
21.5	8.9	17.1	7.9	13.8
1.15	0.80	0.80	0.30	0.76
0.35	0.08	0.51	(0.33)	0.15
0.89	1.68	2.95	2.08	1.90
	24.7 21.5 1.15 0.35	24.7 16.8 21.5 8.9 1.15 0.80 0.35 0.08	24.7     16.8     21.8       21.5     8.9     17.1       1.15     0.80     0.80       0.35     0.08     0.51	24.7     16.8     21.8     43.4       21.5     8.9     17.1     7.9       1.15     0.80     0.80     0.30       0.35     0.08     0.51     (0.33)

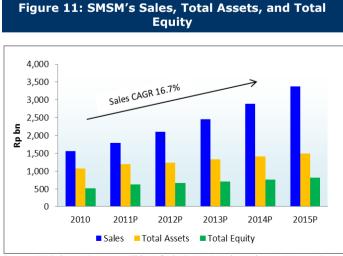
Source: Bloomberg, PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

#### **Business Prospect**

SMSM now has a bigger production capacity which giving supply of idle capacity of estimated about 50% for radiators product and 45% for filters products in 2011. The idle capacities will become one of main capital for SMSM in market expansion measures so that SMSM already equipped for the increasing demand in the coming years. New agreements with Tokyo Roki Co., Ltd., Japan is expected to giving added value especially in technical assistance in production and marketing the related products and then becoming new driving engine for SMSM growth opportunity in future. We believe on SMSM's capability in business development as well as many various institutions that have provided SMSM awards in 2011 for its outstanding business performance.

Although in 2011 world economy affected by the global crisis, SMSM's sales to export markets were still able to grow with a convincing growth rate of 16%-31% (in 9M11) outperformed sales growth in domestic market. Moreover sales in Europe and others region recorded the highest growth among market regions SMSM have, suggest SMSM's capability to keep growing in the midst of crisis that has faced. Global car sales outlook in 2012 is remain in moderate level, with expected sales growth in US market will higher than expected growth of global market, and fascinating growth will happened in developing countries where the car sales in developing economy market will exceed car sales in developed economy. Meanwhile, with the portion of 25%-35% and as a region with the highest average sales growth (21.6% CAGR, 2007-2010), domestic market also promising big opportunities for SMSM. Moreover supported with encouraging Indonesia's economy development for the last few years and estimated to continue in 2012 with expected economic growth of 6.2 y-y. Domestic car and heavy equipment sales development was also fantastic in 2011 and expected to continue in 2012.

We see that 2011 was a very special year for SMSM. SMSM successfully scored sales growth accompanied by improved profit margins, moreover in the midst of the climbing of raw materials prices. Profit margins in 9M11 suggest a new level of margins which we expect will sustain in the years ahead. SMSM also has a capability in generating sufficient operating profits and proven assets utilization that even higher than its peers. Considering all the aspects described before, we believe SMSM has a bright prospect in the future in term of growth and competitiveness. Thus we estimate average SMSM' sales growth for the periods of 2010-2015 will reach 16.7% CAGR.



Source: PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division Estimates

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# **INDUSTRY COMPARISON**

Table 6: SMSM and Its Peers Performance Summary as of 9M11

Table 6: SMSM and its Peers	SMSM	AUTO	INDS	LPIN
Net sales [Rp bn]	1,306	5,451	891	44
Gross profit [Rp bn]	323	916	194	19
Operating profit [Rp bn]	220	362	131	3
Net profit [Rp bn]	148	754	86	6
Total asset [Rp bn]	1,131	6,779	1,117	150
Total liabilities [Rp bn]	447	2,217	518	36
Total equity [Rp bn]	684	4,562	599	113
Growth y-y	16.7	18.1	17.9	5.1
Net sales [%]	28.5	10.0	27.9	8.0
Gross profit [%]	38.6	(11.3)	44.9	(51.3)
Operating profit [%]	44.1	(9.4)	26.7	(34.5)
Net profit [%]	16.7	18.1	17.9	5.1
Profitability	24.7	16.8	21.8	43.4
Gross profit margin [%]	16.9	6.6	14.7	7.4
Operating profit margin [%]	13.1	11.1	7.7	4.3
ROA [%]	21.6	16.5	14.4	5.6
ROE [%]	24.7	16.8	21.8	43.4
Leverage				
DER [x]	0.7	0.5	0.9	0.3

Source: Bloomberg, PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

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# **TARGET PRICE**

#### **VALUATION**

#### Methodology

We apply Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) method as the SMSM valuation approach considering the income growth is a value driver instead of the asset growth.

Furthermore, we also apply Guideline Company Method (GCM) as comparison method.

This valuation is based on 100% shares price as of January  $24^{th}$ , 2012, and Financial Report as of September  $30^{th}$ , 2011 as the basis for the fundamental analysis.

#### • Value Estimation

We use the cost of capital and cost of equity of 10.89% and 12.71% based on the following assumptions:

**Table 7: Assumption** 

Risk free rate [%]*	5.59
Risk premium [%]*	8.79
Beta [x]*	0.81
Cost of Equity [%]	12.71
Marginal tax rate [%]	22.00
Debt to Equity Ratio [x]	0.74
WACC [%]	10.89

Source: Bloomberg, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division Estimates \* as of January 24th, 2011

Target price for 12 months based on valuation as per January  $24^{th}$ , 2012, is as follows:

- Using DCF method with discount rate assumption 10.89%, is Rp 2,020 Rp 2,250 per share.
- Using GCM method (P/E 9.7X and P/BV 2.1X) is Rp 1,358 Rp 1,396 per share.

In order to obtain a value which represents both value indications, we have weighted both DCF and GCM methods by 70%:30%.

Based on the above calculation, target price of SMSM for 12 month is **Rp 1,820** - **Rp 1,990** per share.

**Table 8: Summary of DCF Method Valuation** 

	Conservative	Moderate	Optimist
PV of Free Cash Flows [Rp bn]	925	974	1,022
PV of Terminal Value [Rp bn]	2,221	2,338	2,455
Non-Operating Assets [Rp bn]	12	12	12
Debt [Rp bn]	(249)	(249)	(249)
Number of Share [mn shares]	1,440	1,440	1,440
Fair Value per Share [Rp]	2,020	2,135	2,250

Source: Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division Estimates

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**Table 9: GCM Comparison** 

	SMSM	AUTO	INDS	LPIN	Average
Valuation, January 24 <sup>th</sup> , 2012					
Price [Rp]	1,560	3,500	3,775	2,200	
Market capitalization [Rp bn]	2,246	13,495	849	47	
P/E [x]	11.5	12.5	10.5	4.3	9.7
P/BV [x]	3.6	3.1	1.4	0.4	2.1

Source: Bloomberg, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

**Table 10: Summary of GCM Method Valuation** 

	Multiple [x]	Est. EPS [Rp]	Est. BV/share [Rp]	Value [Rp]
P/E	9.7	140	-	1,358
P/BV	2.1	-	655	1,396

Source: Bloomberg, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division Estimates

**Table 11: Fair Value Reconciliation** 

		Fair Value per Share [Rp]			
	DCF	GCM	Average		
Upper limit	2,250	1,396	1,990		
Bottom limit	2,020	1,358	1,820		
Weight	70%	30%			

Source: Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division Estimates Note: average price is rounded according to the fractional price prevailing on the IDX

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**Table 12: Income Statement** 

					(Rp bn)
	2008	2009	2010	2011P	2012P
Net sales	1,354	1,375	1,562	1,792	2,098
COGS	(1,025)	(1,058)	(1,193)	(1,350)	(1,580)
Gross profit	329	316	369	441	518
Operating expense	(116)	(126)	(141)	(145)	(172)
Operating profit	213	190	228	296	346
EBITDA	271	270	306	420	450
Other income (charges)	(69)	(4)	(23)	(15)	(19)
Pre-tax profit	144	186	205	281	326
Tax	(42)	(43)	(40)	(62)	(72)
Net profit	91	133	150	201	234

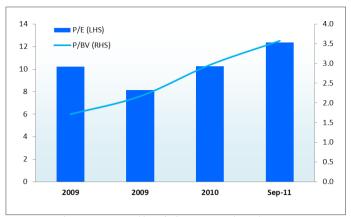
Source: PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division Estimates

Table 13: Balance Sheet

Table 13: Balance Snee	et				(Rp bn)
	2008	2009	2010	2011P	2012P
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	14	9	14	17	18
Receivables	244	279	314	344	317
Inventory	286	255	307	425	481
Other assets	11	32	26	29	32
Total current assets	555	575	662	815	847
Fixed assets	358	341	377	371	390
Other assets	16	25	29	30	30
Total assets	930	942	1,067	1,216	1,267
Liabilities					
Trade payables	51	128	125	104	119
Short-term debt	190	164	121	140	140
Other short-term liabilities	64	70	59	62	62
Long-term debt	-	-	159	160	160
Other long-term liabilities	36	35	36	36	36
Total Liabilities	341	397	499	502	518
Minority interest	42	46	49	60	60
Total Equity*	546	498	519	655	690

<sup>\*</sup> Restated as refer to PSAK No. 22 (2010 revision) Source: PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division Estimates

Figure 12: Historical P/E dan P/BV



Source: PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

Figure 13: Historical ROA, ROE and Total Asset Turnover



Source: PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division

**Table 14: Key Ratios** 

	2008	2009	2010	2011P	2012P
Growth [%]					
Net sales	27.2	1.6	13.6	14.7	17.1
Operating profit	42.0	(10.9)	20.1	30.1	16.7
EBITDA	38.0	(0.6)	13.4	37.4	7.0
Net profit	13.9	45.2	13.2	33.8	16.1
Profitability [%]					
Gross margin	24.3	23.0	23.6	24.6	24.7
Operating margin	15.7	13.8	14.6	16.5	16.5
EBITDA margin	20.0	19.6	19.6	23.4	21.4
Net margin	6.8	9.7	9.6	11.2	11.1
ROA	9.8	14.1	14.1	16.5	18.4
ROE	16.7	26.7	29.0	30.7	33.9
Solvability [x]					
Debt to equity	0.6	0.8	1.0	0.8	0.8
Debt to asset	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4
Liquidity [x]					
Current Ratio	1.8	1.6	2.2	2.7	2.6
Quick Ratio	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.1

Source: PT Selamat Sempurna Tbk, Pefindo Equity & Index Valuation Division Estimates

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